

Summer School on Environmental Scanning Electron Microscopy and Microanalysis

25th - 27th June 2013

At ESB, École Supérieure du Bois Nantes - France

In collaboration with





Introduction

This summer school will provide 6 participants with the opportunity to obtain first-hand experience of using a state-of-the-art Environmental Scanning Electron Microscope – a Quanta 250 made by FEI.

Each of the participants will be encouraged to bring along samples that they wish to analyse. They will then learn by analysing their own specimens and when they leave they will be able to take the images and analyses away with them.

What types of analyses are possible?

Imagery

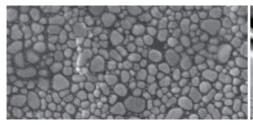
The Quanta 250 can obtain images of samples in 4 different modes:

Mode 1: Hi Vac

Standard SEM operation for conductive specimens (metals) or organic specimens that have be previously coated with gold or carbon.



For non-conductive, "dry" specimens like wood. No surface coating need be applied to the specimens. In other words they can be viewed as they are. The maximum chamber pressure 130 Pa (0.075 Torr) and so the samples will dry during analysis.

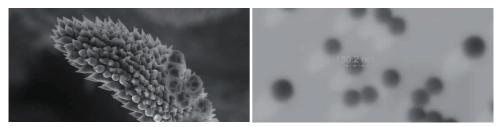


Mode 3: ESEM

For "wet" specimens like live plant material. Again no surface coating or specimen preparation required. The maximum chamber is pressure up to 4000 Pa (30 Torr) and so if the sample is cooled with the built-in Peltier stage during analysis it should be possible to avoid drying.

Mode 4: Wet STEM

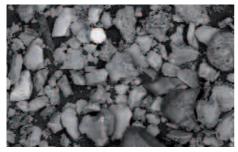
Designed to analyse particles suspended in liquids. Successful images require the creation of very thin films and this takes practice. Sample dehydration is controlled via the temperature of the Peltier stage and chamber pressure.



Surface chemical analyses

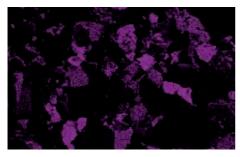
An ESEM obtains images through the impact of electrons hitting the surface of the specimen. The action of these electrons generates X-rays which are characteristic of the elements present on the surface.

Consequently, EDX (Energy Dispersive X-rays) spectroscopy can identify, and to some extent quantify, the elements present. The EDX system fitted to the Quanta 250 can detect elements as light as boron.

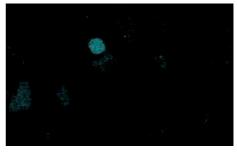


The distribution of AI

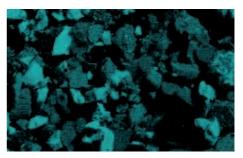
Low vac mode image



The distribution of Fe



The distribution of Si



Mechanical tests

It is also possible to conduct mechanical tests inside the Quanta 250 using a micro-UTM (universal testing machine).

The UTM has two load cells: one with a maximum load of 2 N and the other at 200 N. So fibre or film testing is possible whilst obtaining images of the test piece.

Practical Information

The course will be given in English.

The cost of the course is ≤ 900 /person. If your institute is a member of InnovaWood and it has bought InnovaWood's Special Services Package then the cost is ≤ 750 /person.

An official order or a ≤ 100 non-refundable deposit must be received to guarantee your place.

The course fee will include lunches and coffee, but, not evening meals nor your travel and accommodation costs.

The number of participants is limited to 6, so direct tuition and several hours of "hands-on" the microscope are assured.

Tuesday 25th June	- Introduction to operating ESEM (morning) - EDAX analysis (afternoon)
Wednesday 26th June	- Analysis of specimens of participants 1&2 (morning) - Analysis of specimens of participants 3&4 (afternoon)
Thursday 27th June	- Analysis of specimens of participants 5&6 (morning) - Course summary, review and prize giving for best image (afternoon)

Contact Details

To reserve a place or obtain additional information please contact Dr. Mark Irle. mark.irle@ecoledubois.fr



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