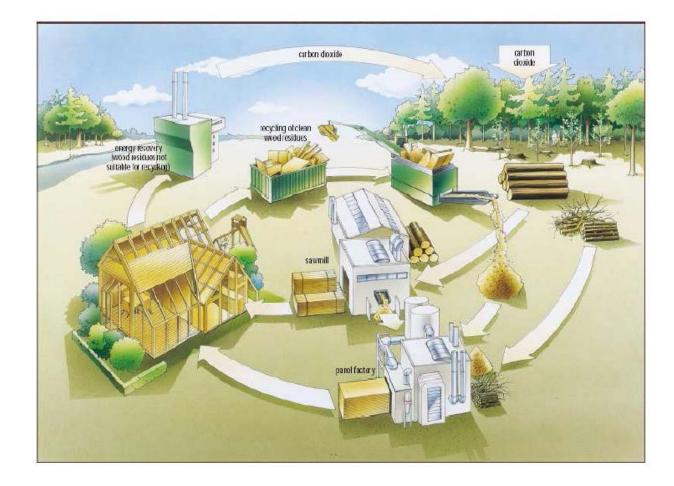


Task force "Recycling":

Management, methods and technologies of wood recycling processes at European level



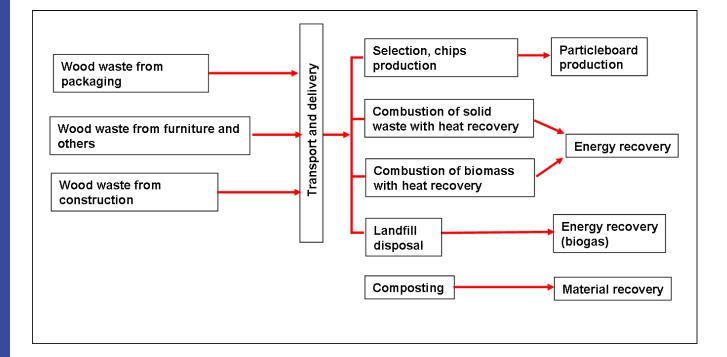
Centro Tecnologico Settore Legno-Arredo



Collection, treatment, recycling, disposal of wood waste



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Collection, treatment, recycling, disposal of wood waste



Centro Tecnologico Settore Legno-Arredo COSMOB is involved in European and international research projects about wood recycling processes:



R&D New Materials



Centro Tecnologico Settore Legno-Arredo The following information is obtained through a questionnaire about management, methods and technologies of wood recycling process at European level within the ECAMOB partnership

Recycling process - ECAMOB Questionnaire about managment, methods and technologies of wood recycling process, for the analysis of the state of the art at European level within the ECAMOB partnership *Campo obbligatorio
General Information
Organization name *
Address
Post code
City
Country
Phone number
FAX
Email *

https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1DvRY8wHUnUJZcUKdQeMUsX9obhVdFcMFGbJPvRo9dTE/viewform







- Medite Europe Limited
- Glunz AG
- VHI
- Pfleiderer Holzwerkstoffe GmbH
- Wood Panel Industries Federation
- CETEM Technical Research Centre of Furniture and Wood of The Region of Murcia
 - Ecole Supérieure du Bois
 - Cosmob

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- Brunel University, UK
- Fraunhofer Institute for Wood Research, Wilhelm-Klauditz-Institut WKI

Questionnaire among ECAMOB partnership





- Environmental Protection Agency 'THE REGULATION AND MANAGEMENT OF WASTE WOOD'
- Waste Wood Ordinance of 2002 ("Altholzverordnung")
- The German Waste Wood Directive
 - "PAS (Publicly Available Standard): 111:2012
 'Specification for the requirements and test methods for processing waste wood'
- PEFC-ST 2002:2013 or FSC
- EPF standard (2000) for recycled wood use in particleboard manufacture.
- RILEGNO specifications (2011, Italy)
- Law on Life-Cycle Management (KrWG)
- VDI Standard 4087 "Planning, construction and managing of scrap wood yards"
- Solid recovered fuels Specifications and classes (DIN EN 15359:2011)
- Recovered wood quality assurance (RAL-GZ 428)
- Secondary fuels quality assurance (RAL-GZ 724)

Management of wood waste:

Laws, standards and directives



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The maximum allowable quantities of contaminants permitted in particle-board manufactured to <u>EPF's Industry Standard</u> (EPF, 2002)

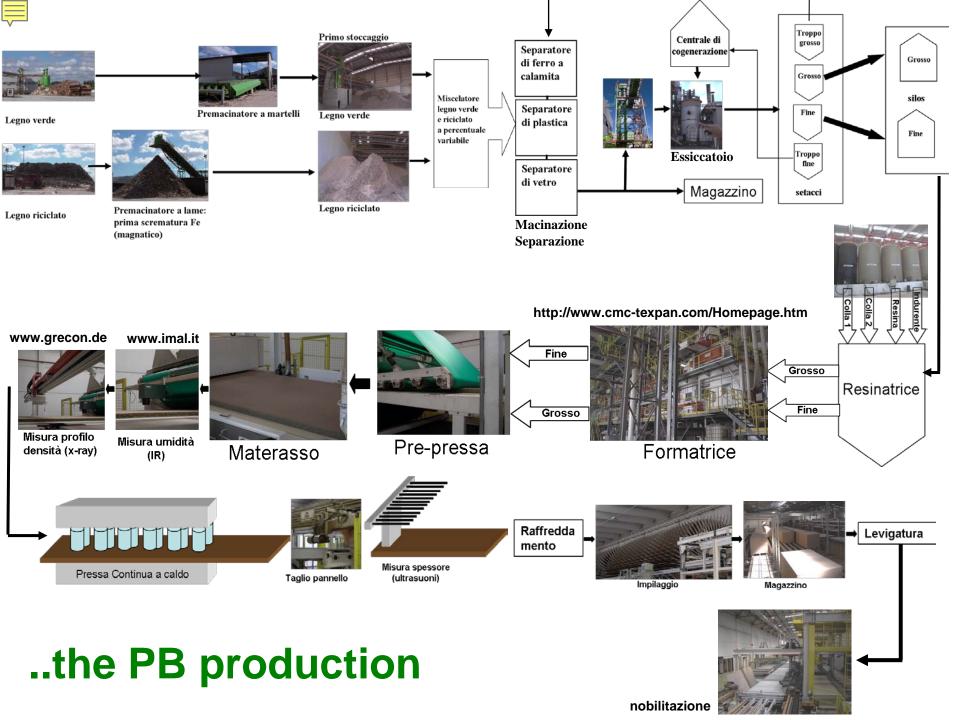
Contaminant	Limit (mg/kg)	Contaminant	Limit (mg/kg)	
Arsenic (As)	25	Lead (Pb)	90	
Cadmium (Cd)	50	Mercury (Hg)	25	
Chromium (Cr)	25	Fluorine (F)	100	
Copper (Cu)	40	Chlorine (Cl)	1000	
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	5	Creosote	0.5	

The maximum allowable quantities of contaminants permitted in the <u>German Waste Wood Ordinance</u>

Contaminant	Limit (mg/kg)	Contaminant	Limit (mg/kg)	
Arsenic (As)	2	Lead (Pb)	30	
Cadmium (Cd)	2	Mercury (Hg)	0.4	
Chromium (Cr)	30	Fluorine (F)	100	
Copper (Cu)	20	Chlorine (Cl)	600	
Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	3	Polychlorinated biphenyls	5	

Management of wood waste:

Laws, standards and directives







The technologies adopted for wood waste reprocessing and indicated by the institution are:

- 1. Receiving
- 2. Sorting/Picking
- 3. Pre-shredding
- 4. Shredding
- 5. Ferrous metal removal
- 6. Non-ferrous metal removal
- 7. Screening
- 8. Density separation
- 9. Processed wood chip









Types of treatments (physical/chemical/combination/other) of recovered wood required for new products

- **Physical**: Separation, Cutting and sanding.
- **Chemical**: Treatments with biocides, UV stabilizers, finishing

Types of treatments





- Presence and identification of contaminants and preservatives
- Presence of toxic chemicals
- Presence of metal particles
- Heterogeneity of material because of different physical and chemical properties
- Low limit values for heavy meals and regulation inflexibility
- Processing time in lab
- Transport and handling



Waste wood

Different procedures

Classification and physical separation



Main problems during operations



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Moisture content	100%
Morphological size of pieces, shavings, chips, etc	77%
Colour and degradation	77%
Storage conditions	33%
Physical contamination: presence of metals, stones, earth, etc.	100%
Chemical contamination: glues, paints, mealmines, PVC, etc.	89%

Qualitative controls usually made on incoming wood material



- Automatic scanning and sorting lines
- Technologies for contaminated particles removal (e.g. Image analysis (NIR, UV, IR), XRF, LIBS)







Better technologies to be adopted for wood recovering



Centro Tecnologico Settore Legno-Arredo The table below attempts to summarise <u>the potential</u> <u>each of the techniques described above to detect the</u> <u>range of contaminants of interest to the particleboard</u> <u>manufacturing industry</u>. Cells containing "?" indicate that the technique is either under development or has low sensitivity to the contaminant.

Substance	AAS	ICP	LIBS	XRF	Wickbold	GC	NIR	HPLC
As	√?	~	~	~				
Cd	~	~	~					
Cr	~	~	~	4				
Cu	~	~	~	~				
Pb	~	~	~	>				
Hg	√?	~	4	>				
CI					~			
F					~			
PCP						~	√?	
Creosote						√?	√?	~

wrap

Creating markets for recycled resources

Development of methods and sampling protocols for measuring contaminants in recycled wood for use in the panelboard sector Project code: W003-007

Written by: Dr. Mark Irle, Dr. Kevin Maher, Mr. Constantine Fru and Mr. Gervais Sawyer

Forest Products Research Centre Buckinghamshire Chilterns University College, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HPI1 212

Published by:

The Waste & Resources Action Programme The Old Academy, 21 Horse Fair, Banbury, Oxon OX16 0AH Tel: 01295 613900 Fax: 01255 613911 www.wrap.orc.uk WRAP Business Helpline: Freephone: 0808 100 2040

Date: June 2004 ISBN No: 1-84405-118-8

WRAP UK (Waste & Resources Action Programme)





- MDF, OSB, chipboards and particleboards panels manufacturing
- Wood/Plastic composites manufacturing
- Fuel
- Pellets
- Biomass
- Fall protection
- Animal bedding outside UK
- Insulation
- Bespoke elements in buildings

Possible new uses of the recovered wood





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Innovative solutions that could be implemented are also well defined by the institutions, and they are related to several fields: *normative, managerial, operational and technological*:

- Development of a specification for the end use of recycled wood
- European dumping ban for wood
- Elimination of notifications for transport across borders
- European waste wood ordinance in order to lighten cross border commerce
- Harmonized classification system
- Individuation of the right limit values for such contaminants
- Development of analytical system for chemical content of contaminants by statistical sampling
- Development of technologies to improve the cleanliness of recovered wood
- Development of technologies/processes to process/dispose contaminated particles removed from the waste stream
- Benchmarking of contamination levels found in different wood
- Bulky waste as a new source for recovered wood

Possible new uses of the recovered wood and suggestions



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- To identify & check available knowledge and actors, capitalise and share results (draft report)
- To identify short-term gaps (local scale, existing institutional/economic frameworks)
- To determine long-term needs (EU scale)

ECAMOB steps